

B A

OSS FORM 4001a

Date \_\_\_\_\_

To: M. J. Pearson

*Files.*

Office of the Secretariat

(9139)



DAVID J. WALSH, MASS., CHAIRMAN  
 MILLARD E. TENNES, MO.  
 RICHARD W. RUSSELL, GA.  
 HARRY FORD WARD, CA.  
 PETER W. BERRY, N. J.  
 CHARLES D. HENNING, FLA.  
 ALLEN J. BELLEFON, LA.  
 JOHN L. MCLELLAN, ARIZ.  
 JAMES D. EASTLAND, MISS.  
 WARREN E. MANNING, WASH.  
 STANLEY Z. MYERS, PA.

IRVING W. JOHNSON, CALIF.  
 CHARLES W. TOLSON, N. H.  
 RAYMOND W. WILLIS, IND.  
 B. WAYLAND BROOKS, ILL.  
 OWEN BREWSTER, MAINE  
 EDWARD V. ROBERTSON, WYOM.  
 LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, MASS.

# United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AFFAIRS

M. E. GALLAGHER, CLERK

August 6, 1945

Office of Strategic Services  
 Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Referring to my letter of July 6, 1945, written in the interest of Mr. Julius M. Balick (S 1/c USNR, 836-88-47), I am wondering if you have any information for me at the present time regarding this.

Sincerely yours,

FRANCIS J. MYERS

FJM/r

*Nothing - all of letter  
 disappeared to Aug. 6  
 crossed out letter*

1945-446

15 August 1945

The Honorable Francis J. Myers  
United States Senate  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Myers:

Your most helpful letter of July 6, 1945, concerning Julius M. Balick (S 1/c USNR, 836-88-47) was referred to the various individuals who have expressed interest in him.

We had believed that it would be possible to use Mr. Balick in one of our branches, and accordingly his transfer to OSS was requested on June 4, 1945. However, during the course of the readjustments required by the recent reduction of our appropriation, we subsequently found that we were compelled to eliminate the position for which he had been originally considered. I am sorry that this was the case, particularly since with the gradual curtailment of our activities there were no other openings in which his services could be used. Under the circumstances it has been necessary to release him for duty elsewhere.

Thank you for your interest in writing to us.

Sincerely,

O. C. Doering, Jr.  
Lt. Colonel, AUS  
Assistant Director

AWS:egp

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Commander ANTELL

DATE: 17 July 1945

FROM : Capt. Sarvis

SUBJECT: Balick, Julius M., S 1/c

Reference is made to attached letter from Senator Francis J. Myers. Information is furnished as subject EM was requested by R & A Branch and reported in 29 June 1945. Security was disapproved on subject EM and he was assigned to FPB Pool for disposition on 8 July 1945. Subject EM has been reported to Naval Command for transfer from CGS.

Request that you inform Senator Myers the disposition of this case.

Attachment:-  
Letter fr Senator Myers

BCS  
BCS

Noted  
summarized  
7/17

DAVID J. WALSH, MAINE, CHAIRMAN  
 THOMAS P. TYDINGS, MD.  
 JACOB K. ROSSKILL, GA.  
 MARY FLOU BYRD, VA.  
 PETER C. GERRY, N. H.  
 CHARLES C. ANDREWS, FLA.  
 ALLEN J. ELLISON, LA.  
 JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, ARK.  
 JAMES O. EASTLAND, MISS.  
 WARREN G. MAGNUSON, WASH.  
 FRANCIS J. MURPHY, PA.

IRVING W. JOHNSON, CALIF.  
 CHARLES W. TOLSON, N. H.  
 EYKONH E. WILLIS, TEN.  
 C. WAYLAND BROOKS, ILL.  
 OWEN BREWSTER, MAINE  
 EDWARD V. ROBERTSON, WYOM.  
 LEVERETT SALTONSTALL, MAINE.

M. E. GALLAGHER, CLERK

## United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AFFAIRS

July 6, 1945

Office of Strategic Services,  
 Washington, D.C.

Gentlemen:

It is my understanding that Julius M. Balick  
 (S 1/c USNR, 836-38-47) is being considered for assignment  
 to your organization in the capacity of an economic  
 analyst.

Mr. Balick has an excellent record as a respon-  
 sible economist and statistician in the Government service  
 before his induction. It is believed that, as a member of  
 your organization, he would be able to utilize fully his pro-  
 fessional training and ability, and thus make a valuable  
 contribution to our speedy victory.

I am naturally anxious to learn of the outcome  
 of Mr. Balick's transfer from the Navy Department.

Sincerely yours,

*Francis J. Myers*

FRANCIS J. MYERS

BJM/gfr



Form 1084b

DATE 16 MAY 1945

**SECRET**

TO: Lt. Thurn

FROM: John D. Wilson

In accordance with our conversation, I understand you will inform Mr. Mayer about this communication and he in turn will tell Bayern. I am taking a paraphrase of this on the trip and if anything further comes up on the matter clearing Bayern I shall notify you. I am suggesting that General Donovan send the attached cable.

*J.D.W.*  
John D. Wilson

*Called  
Mayer's  
office*

FROM: \_\_\_\_\_

(32916)

EXT. \_\_\_\_\_

Form 69 (Revised)

# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

## OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 15 MAY 45

FROM

PARIS, FRANCE

TO

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

DISTRIBUTION

IN: 13123

(FOR ACTION)

(FOR INFORMATION)

DIRECTOR

SECRETARIAT

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-37883-2

RECEIVED IN CODE OR CIPHERSECRET  
SECRET

#16264. TO 109 FROM FORGAN. REFERENCE YOUR #14277 (OUT: 11318).

SORRY DELAY IN THIS MATTER. WE HAVE HAD DIFFICULT TIME CONTACTING MCSHERRY. IN FACT HAVE NOT BEEN ABLE TO REACH HIM PERSONALLY. HOWEVER, WE HAVE RECEIVED PERMISSION FROM HIS DEPUTY TO HAVE BAYERN SENT OVER HERE AND THEY HAVE AGREED TO USE G-5 COVER FOR HIM IF NECESSARY. HOWEVER AT THE PRESENT TIME THEY HAVE NO WORK FOR HIM TO DO AND WOULD MUCH PREFER THAT HE CAME LATER. IF POSSIBLE SUGGEST NO ACTION BE TAKEN ON THIS MATTER UNTIL WE HAVE HAD CHANCE TO DISCUSS IT HERE.

TOR: 1633 15 MAY 45

To John A. Wilson

SECRET

FILE COPY

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

Form 89 (Revised)

# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

## OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE <u>10 MAY 45</u>		PRIORITY
FROM <u>BERN, SWITZERLAND</u>		ROUTINE
TO <u>OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES</u>		DEFERRED
DISTRIBUTION		IN 12696
(FOR ACTION)	(FOR INFORMATION)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DIRECTOR <i>Revised</i>	SECRETARIAT	

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-47882-9

RECEIVED IN CODE OR CIPHERSECRETSECRET

#9887. 109 AND 110. INFORMATION: FORGAN. REFERENCE YOUR #5327  
(OUT 10628) REGARDING BAYERN. BERN-LONDON #10737.  
BERN-PARIS #10827.

IF MATTER CAN BE ARRANGED WITH OUR MILITARY GOVERNMENT PEOPLE,  
I SEE NO OBJECTION AND CERTAIN ADVANTAGES IN RETURNING BAYERN TO  
SAVARIAN HOME. BELIEVE HIS ASSOCIATION WITH US SHOULD REMAIN ON  
CLANDESTINE BASIS.

*John Wilson**Trill Fagan**receiving -*SECRET

TOR: 2051

10 MAY 45

**FILE COPY**

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 16 MAY 1945

REC'D

1219 17 MAY 1945

TO

SEE BELOW

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

DEFERRED

FROM

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

DISTRIBUTION

BOOK MESSAGE  
2 STATIONS

(CONFIRMATION TO ORIGINATOR)

(FOR INFORMATION)

DIRECTOR

SECRETARIAT

16, 752

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-57453-1

TRANSMITTED IN CODE OR CIPHER

SECRET

#11727. TO PARIS, FRANCE (OUT 11665)  
#6137. TO BERN, SWITZERLAND (OUT 11666)

SECRET

109 TO FORGAN. INFORMATION: 110.  
RE YOUR #16204. (IN 13123)

WE SHALL POSTPONE ARRANGING DEPARTURE OF DAYERN UNTIL YOU  
INFORM US TIME IS APPROPRIATE. AS WE UNDERSTAND IT, OSS IS TO ASSUME  
RESPONSIBILITY FOR HIS TRANSPORT. IF THIS IS INCORRECT AND G-5 WILL  
THEMSELVES ARRANGE TRANSPORT PLEASE SO NOTIFY US.

SECRET

FILE COPY

WJD

TOO: 1315 17 MAY 1945  
DEMI: 1311 17 MAY 1945

INITIALS OF "RELEASING" OFFICER

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT



## OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 5 MAY 45

REC'D 1726 5 MAY 45

TO SEE BELOW

FROM OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

## DISTRIBUTION

(CONFIRMATION TO ORIGINATOR)

(FOR INFORMATION)

DIRECTOR

SECRETARIAT

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-57452-1

## TRANSMITTED IN CODE OR CIPHER

#13634. PARIS, FRANCE (OUT-10627)  
 #5827. BERN, SWITZERLAND (OUT-10628).

109 TO FORGAM. INFORMATION: 110, BERN. FURTHER TO MY  
 #13344 (OUT-10350).

PERSONAL CONVERSATION WITH BAYERN CONVINCES ME THAT AS I LEARN  
 FROM US TO MILITARY GOVERNMENT BAYERN COULD BE MOST USEFULLY EMPLOYED  
 IN BAVARIA ITSELF. INSTALLED IN HIS PROPERTIES IN TEGERNSEE DISTRICT  
 HE COULD BE EXPECTED FROM THIS NORMAL LOCATION TO WIELD GREATEST IN-  
 FLUENCE IN WHATEVER DIRECTION OUR MILITARY GOVERNMENT WOULD WISH  
 AT SAME TIME BAYERN COULD SERVE AS AN ADVISOR TO HEAD OF MILITARY  
 GOVERNMENT IN OUR ZONE.

I MAKE THESE RECOMMENDATIONS ON BASIS OF BAYERN'S LONG JOURNALS  
 AND OBJECTIVE EXPERIENCE IN BAVARIA. IN ADDITION TO FURNISHING DATA  
 OF RELIABLE INDIVIDUALS THROUGH-OUT BAVARIA, INTERESTING EXAMPLES OF  
 WHICH HE HAS PROVIDED ME, HE SHOULD BE ABLE TO BE OF REAL ASSISTANCE  
 TO OUR MILITARY GOVERNMENT IN PREPARING STATEMENTS, PROCLAMATIONS, ETC.  
 INDEED IN CONNECTION WITH ALL RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN MILITARY GOVERN-  
 MENT AND BAVARIAN OFFICIALS AND PEOPLE.

PLEASE CABLE YOUR VIEWS SO THAT IF FAVORABLE WE MAY START MAKING  
 ARRANGEMENTS AT ONCE SINCE BAYERN'S ADVICE WOULD SEEM ESPECIALLY  
 ABLE FROM OUTSET.

KOD: PARIS 1800 5 MAY 45  
 BERN 1951 5 MAY 45

FILE COPY

WJD FLM

INITIALS OF "RELEASING"

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
 WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

# OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 3 MAY 45 REC'D 0939 3 MAY 45

TO PARIS, FRANCE

FROM OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

DISTRIBUTION

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

DEFERRED

OUT 10350

CONFIRMATION TO ORIGINATOR

DIRECTOR

(FOR INFORMATION)

SECRETARIAT, FIELD SECTION

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-57853-1

TRANSMITTED IN CODE OR CIPHER

SECRET

#1334. 109 TO FORGAN.

HERE IN THE UNITED STATES IS THE DUKE OF LARA. NONREIGNING BRANCH OF WITTELSBACH FAMILY. HE ESCAPED FROM GERMANY IN 1939 AND HAS BEEN HERE EVER SINCE. HE IS BROTHER OF FORTY-ONE QUEEN ELIZABETH OF BELGIUM, AND UNCLE OF PRESENT REGENT OF BELGIUM AND UNCLE OF GRAND DUCHESS OF LUXEMBOURG. HE GOES UNDER THE NAME OF BAYERN. HE HAS NEVER BEEN IDENTIFIED WITH POLITICS, IS PRAGMATIC FARMER AND LANDOWNER, PROPRIETOR OF HOTELS AND CROQUETTES, HAS FRIENDS AMONG ALL CLASSES IN SOUTHERN BAVARIA AS WELL AS IN MUNICH WHERE HIS FATHER WAS A WELL KNOWN PHYSICIAN. HE WOULD SEEM TO BE VERY SUITABLE FOR MILITARY GOVERNMENT IN SCREENING CANDIDATES FOR POSITIONS. HE HAS PASSED SECURITY BOTH HERE AND WITH FBI. SHOULD WE SEND HIM TO YOU?

SECRET

TOO 1006

3 MAY 45

WJD

INITIALS OF "RELEASING" OFFICE

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

*Thru*

SECURITY OFFICE

*Barney, Ota Frances*

CONFIDENTIAL

## Investigation Report

Date: 2 May 1945

Number: 25798

Subject: **BARNEY, Ota Frances (T/4 - WAC/AUS)**To: **Personal Procurement Branch - Capt. Sarvis.**

1. Investigation directed by: **JCO'D**
2. Sources of information:
3. Remarks:

✓

4. Recommendation:

Security approval recommended though subject  
to the receipt of a security clearance at no  
future date of clearance.

By *JCO'D*  
Security Officer *AWOTB*  
J. C. O'Donnell

and  
cc: Major G. G. Campbell  
Lts Robert Thru

CONFIDENTIAL

QSS Form 2201  
(Rev. 3/11/44)

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

**CONFIDENTIAL****Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT**

TO : Lt. Robert Thrun, Secretariat's Office

FROM : Security Office

SUBJECT: BARNEY, Ora Frances (T/4, WAC) 26,798

DATE: 27 April 1948

On the basis of confidential information received by this office, we are pleased to grant provisional security approval to the above mentioned Subject.

This provisional security approval is subject to the receipt of any derogatory information at some future date, although nothing adverse is anticipated.

*Robert E. Clark*  
Robert E. Clark  
Lieut., USNR

cc: Capt. Sarvis, PPH



SECRET

## ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

Accession No. ....

Date Rec'd SA .....

*Captain Bishop*      *2/01/75*      *JMB*

No.	Room No.	Date		Officer's Initials	Comments
		Rec'd	Exp'd		
1. <i>St Branch</i> <i>Mr. S. H. ...</i>	<i>1212</i>	<i>MAR 27 1945</i>	<i>MAR 28 1945</i>	<i>[Signature]</i>	<i>By hand [Signature]</i>
2. <i>SO Branch</i> <i>2118</i>	<i>2118</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>	
3. <i>General</i> <i>Downing ...</i>	<i>125</i>			<i>[Signature]</i>	
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

Each request must be numbered to correspond with number in 1st column.

A line should be drawn across sheet under each comment.

Officer's Destination should be used in 4th column.

Officer's Initials should be sufficient before further routing.

Officer's name and organization should be indicated in Comments column.

Routing sheet should always be returned to 1st column.

Officer's Initials must be sufficient.

**SECRET**

**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**  
**WASHINGTON 25, D. C.**

26 March 1945

MEMORANDUM

**TO:** General Donovan

**FROM:** Roger A. Pfaff, Lt. Col., Inf. *RAP*  
 Acting Chief, X-2 Branch

**SUBJECT:** Terminations: Mr. Josip Rubinic  
 Mr. Bosidar Bahoric

The civilians for whom termination letters are attached are Yugoslavian seamen who were originally recruited by SO. They were subsequently assigned to SI and upon completion of their mission in Yugoslavia, transferred to X-2.

Because of the attitude of the Partisans, it was not possible to utilize their services and they could not return to Yugoslavia. Arrangements were completed with the State Department for their return to the United States for delivery to the Yugoslavia Seamen's Pool.

This has now been accomplished and the attached letters will serve as evidence that they were employed by this organization.

APPROVED:

*Whitney H. Carpenter*  
 SI Branch

*William E. Ruggan*  
 SO Branch

**SECRET**

**SECRET**

23 March 1945

MEMORANDUM

TO: General Donovan

FROM: Roger A. Pfaff, Lt. Col., Inf.  
Acting Chief, X-2 Branch

SUBJECT: Terminations: Mr. Josip Rubinic  
Mr. Bosidar Bahoric

The civilians for whom termination letters are attached are Yugoslavian seamen who were originally recruited by SI. They were subsequently assigned to SI and upon completion of their mission in Yugoslavia, transferred to X-2.

Because of the attitude of the Partisans, it was not possible to utilize their services and they could not return to Yugoslavia. Arrangements were completed with the State Department for their return to the United States for delivery to the Yugoslavia Seamen's Pool.

This has now been accomplished and the attached letters will serve as evidence that they were employed by this organization.

APPROVED:

---

 SI Branch

---

 SI Branch
**SECRET**

24 March 1945

Mr. Josip Rubinic  
53 West 71st Street  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Rubinic

I have learned with regret that it has become necessary for you to leave this organization. May I express for myself and for the agency our appreciation and gratitude for the way in which you have performed your assignments as a member of the Office of Strategic Services since you entered on duty 16 May 1943.

As you know, the mission entrusted to us has been an integral part of the military activities of the nation. What success we have achieved has been entirely due to the ability of our personnel and to their fine sense of loyalty and devotion to duty. We are proud of the accomplishments of this agency and of the individuals such as yourself who have been associated with it. You can leave us with the satisfaction of feeling that in what you have done for OSS you have materially contributed to the success of our efforts.

Sincerely,

William J. Donovan  
Maj. Gen., USA  
Director



24 March 1945

Mr. Esidar Bahoric  
c/o Baltimore Corporation  
17 State Street  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Bahoric:

I have learned with regret that it has become necessary for you to leave this organization. May I express for myself and for the agency our appreciation and gratitude for the way in which you have performed your assignments as a member of the Office of Strategic Services since you entered on duty 6 June 1943.

As you knew, the mission entrusted to OSS has been an integral part of the military activities of the nation. What success we have achieved has been entirely due to the ability of our personnel and to their fine sense of loyalty and devotion to duty. I am proud of the accomplishments of this agency and of the individuals such as yourself who have been associated with it. You can leave us with the satisfaction of feeling that in what you have done for OSS you have materially contributed to the success of our efforts.

Sincerely,

William J. Donovan  
Maj. Gen., USA  
Director

5 April 1965

Mr. Edward T. Tighe  
Maloney, Ryan and Stevenson  
420 Lexington Avenue  
New York 17, New York

Dear Mr. Tighe:

Thank you for your letter of March 26, 1965  
and for the plan of Mr. August Bauer which you  
enclosed.

As it appears that the Bauer plan does  
not come within the scope of our activities, I  
have forwarded it to Mr. Elmer Davis, Director of  
the Office of War Information, for his consideration.

Sincerely,

William J. Donovan  
Director

5 April 1945

Mr. Elmer Davis  
Office of War Information  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Davis:

The enclosed plan, recently brought to my attention, may be of interest to you. You will note that it is designed to bring the war with Germany to a swift conclusion by means of various propaganda devices.

Since the plan does not appear to come within the scope of our activities, I am forwarding it to you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

William J. Donovan  
Director

Enclosure

of "Unconditional Surrender" is as follows:

... its war potential and, on the  
 ... further bloodshed and destruction.  
 ... setup in Germany, the Nazy party and  
 ... the only organized group in Germany, but  
 ... "Unconditional Surrender" will mean for all  
 ... death either by the German people or by the hands of the  
 ... According, they will resist to the last German result-  
 ing in the complete destruction of Germany, from which no benefits  
 can derive to any one. Hitler from the start knew very well that  
 he was playing "va banque" with the whole German Nation, and com-  
 mitted, through his henchmen, atrocities beyond description, in  
 order that the blame for such should fall on the whole people.  
 In this way he thought to make sure that the German people would  
 not rebel in fear of the consequences involved.

But still the nightmare of German revolution is always  
 in his mind and he discloses this fear in all his speeches where  
 he again and again affirms that there never will be another 1918  
 for Germany, meaning the revolution. Besides, he tries to make  
 sure to keep the people in Germany down by his Gestapo and S.S.  
 men. This being so, it is obvious that if nothing worse than  
 that could happen for Hitler, it naturally would be the best thing  
 to happen from the standpoint of the Allies. Accordingly, a  
 revolution resulting in the overthrow of Hitler's regime and all  
 it stands for, is desirable and should be supported by all the  
 means at the command of the Allies, because it would crush his  
 whole edifice built on the lie that the revolution of 1918 was  
 a failure in the past of the German people, although everybody voted  
 in the 1918 election for the Nazy party.



... followed up, may produce a quick ending to the war, at least with Germany, without infringing in any way on the basis of "Unconditional Surrender".

The situation to be faced is as follows:

Germany is at the end of its war potential and, on the whole, would be glad to end further bloodshed and destruction. However, under the present setup in Germany, the Nazi party and its close followers are the only organized group in Germany, but they all know that "Unconditional Surrender" will mean for all of them death either by the German people or by the hands of the Allies. Accordingly, they will resist to the last German result- ing in the complete destruction of Germany, from which no benefits can derive to any one. Hitler from the start knew very well that he was playing "va banque" with the whole German Nation, and com- mitted, through his henchmen, atrocities beyond description, in order that the blame for such should fall on the whole people. In this way he thought to make sure that the German people would not rebel in fear of the consequences involved.

But still the nightmare of German revolution is always in his mind and he discloses this fear in all his speeches where he again and again affirms that there never will be another 1918 for Germany, meaning the revolution. Besides, he tries to make sure to keep the people in Germany down by his Gestapo and S.S. men. This being so, it is obvious that if nothing worse than that could happen for Hitler, it naturally would be the best thing to happen from the standpoint of the Allies. Accordingly, a revolution resulting in the overthrow of Hitler's regime and all it stands for, is desirable and should be supported by all the Allies at the command of the Allies, because it would crush his whole doctrine built on the lie that the revolution of 1918 was a danger to the back of the German Army, although everybody wanted to see the German people free from the Nazi regime.

The report from Germany confirms this fact - that the only brake on this tendency seems to be the strict control by the Gestapo and the S.S. troops, which represent the most fanatical followers of Hitler. If this brake is removed, an explosion will follow.

In the light of my past experience in the first revolution of 1918, in which I was participating and leading very actively, I should think it not impossible at all to separate the leaders from these soldiers. For this purpose a temporary committee of German-born members who have had the touch on the people, should be formed, in cooperation with the Allied Governments, and would then function for propaganda towards the end of hostilities.

As pointed out before, the importance to separate the men from the leaders is paramount and the plan to do this is as follows:

With radio and leaflets, the men and non-commissioned officers of the Nazi party, the Gestapo and the S.S. troops are presented with an ultimatum to detach themselves completely from their respective organizations, make the officers prisoners, and side up with arms in hand with the people. In this case no persecution will be pressed against them afterwards, only in extreme cases of cruelties committed on their own responsibility. Whoever has not done so inside 48 hours will be sent to hard labor in destroyed countries for a time corresponding with his membership in any of these parties. Any one who has not followed this order inside of fourteen days from the date of issue must be regarded as a traitor against the people who will be declared "vogelfrei", which means anybody and anywhere can shoot or kill him without punishment. I think under such pressure they will leave the fighting side.

As to the Army: From a set date shortly after the

arms and ammunition for the eventuality to fight Nazis, the Gestapo and S.S. men who refuse to follow this order. Disarmament will take place when the whole of Germany is occupied by the allied forces. From the time of cessation of hostilities, no troop movements behind the lines will be permissible. If the troops so elect, they can turn out all their officers and elect their own representatives.

All officers who do not comply with the will of the people are to be regarded as traitors and treated as such immediately. Their retreat inside Germany will be arranged between the local commanders and the representatives of the German groups and spaced similar to that at the close of the last war. No destruction of any kind during retreat is permissible without endangering the agreement in its entirety. Therefore demolition must be fought against by the German Army.

This is a rough sketch of procedure which, if followed in principle, will probably succeed in terminating the conflict.

It is important that the promises (controlled of course by the Allies) are carried out strictly. In this way the people, even the doubting Thomases, can see that they can have peace promptly if they put this last effort through in coordination with the temporary committee of free Germans.

This above proposal is made by a former soldier of the Imperial German Army, born in Germany, and an American citizen, who was, as mentioned before, actively participating in the revolution of 1918 and preaching and promoting such as a soldier from the beginning of 1917 at the risk of his life.

In January 1919 I resigned from politics and went after my private affairs, thinking and hoping to have done my part to produce a better Germany. When Hitler started his rallies in the beginning of 1939, I was repeatedly present at his rallies,

But I found soon that Hitler was not a very intelligent people and I had many arguments with the high and low, trying to convince them that Hitler would be bad for Germany, if supported.

In 1936 I left Germany, sick of the political situation, and never set my foot on German soil since then. As the Hitler shadow grew bigger, I had many arguments and discussions here, with the purpose to convince the people of the danger of his ideas and plans, which were repugnant to my way of thinking.

As to my ability as an analyst and original thinker, I should like to bring out a few happenings here. When the Zeppelin Hindenburg was destroyed in Lakehurst, I was able to discover the exact cause of it, and an experiment made in Washington in accordance with my theory brought forward in memoranda, proved conclusively the correctness of my theory.

When this war broke out I submitted twelve inventions to Washington, and although not informed, I think some ideas of these inventions have been put to practical use. At the present time we are working on the perfection of a combination of recoil reducer and muzzle brake of my own design, with very good results.

This brief resume is for the purpose of showing that I have made some study from a practical point of view.

/s/ August Bauer

10-09, 157th Street  
Beechhurst, L.I.



STANDARD FORM NO. 64

*Office Memorandum* • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : General Donovan  
FROM : Secretariat  
SUBJECT:

DATE: 6 April 1946

In accordance with Colonel Bigelow's attached memorandum, the enclosed Bauer plan is being forwarded to Mr. Elmer Davis of OWI for his consideration.

A letter on this matter to Mr. Davis is attached for your signature as is one to Mr. Tighe.

*H. P. Lefler, Jr.*  
H. P. Lefler, Jr.  
2d Lt., FL

Attachment



**SECRET**

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES  
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

24 March 1945

16.500  
Bauer, [unclear]  
[unclear]  
[unclear]

**MEMORANDUM**

TO: Director, OSS  
FROM: Deputy Director-SSO  
SUBJECT: Attached Papers

I have read the attached plan prepared by Mr. Bauer and have discussed it with a number of people in SSO.

Although MO has worked up various ideas aimed at separating German soldiers from their Nazi officers, their efforts to bring about such a situation purported to come from within Germany. This Bauer plan is not based on such a premise but is purely "white." The Supreme Allied Commander would be the only person, in my opinion, who could carry out this plan, as it involves official "white" leaflets and radio, as well as orders to cease firing on the part of Allied armies.

In my opinion, the implementation of this plan does not come within the OSS directive.

*Edward L. Bigelow*  
Edward L. Bigelow  
Deputy Director-SSO

Attachment

TO  
New Paper  
→

**SECRET**

MELENEY, RYAN & STEVENSON  
COUNSELLORS AT LAW  
GRAYBAR BUILDING  
430 LEXINGTON AVENUE  
NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

GEORGE COIT MELENEY  
PATRICK L. RYAN

ANDREW R. STEVENSON  
IN MILITARY SERVICE

TELEPHONE  
MOHAWK 4 6621

Ned Brylert

March 20<sup>th</sup> 1945

Dear General:

After my return from service with  
Col. Gavin in Italy, I became associated with the  
staff firm

Mr. Bauer who is a client of this office and known  
personally to Mr. Meloney since 1936 submitted the  
enclosed plan in which he has the sincere confidence.

Mr. Bauer became a citizen of the U. S. on  
January 2, 1945 in the Federal Court Eastern District  
of New York. There is on file in the Department of  
Justice a complete dossier compiled by both the  
and the F. B. I. at the time Bauer made appli-  
for citizenship.

Bauer seems like a highly intelligent man and seems  
to believe he has the solution.

I am stating the latency of personally forwarding the  
memo and as he does not know to whom it is being  
sent if there is anything I or he could possibly  
do please do not hesitate to call upon me.

Sincerely,

SECRET

FROM

ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

Accession No. ....

Date Rec'd SA .....

*General Donovan*

To	Room No.	Rec'd	Rec'd	Officer's Initials	Comments
<i>1. General Donovan</i>		24 MAR 60	24 MAR	<i>Eub.</i>	
<i>2. General Donovan</i>					
<i>3. General Donovan</i>					
<i>4. General Donovan</i>					
<i>5. General Donovan</i>					
<i>6. General Donovan</i>					
<i>7. General Donovan</i>					
<i>8. General Donovan</i>					
<i>9. General Donovan</i>					
<i>10. General Donovan</i>					

Each comment should be numbered to correspond with number in To column.  
 A line should be drawn across sheet under each comment.  
 Officer Designations should be used in To column.  
 Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing.  
 Action denied or action taken should be indicated in Comments column.  
 Routing sheet should always be returned to Registrar.  
 For Officer Designations see separate sheet.

SECRET

...proposing with this doctrine, a definite plan which, followed up, may produce a quick ending to the war, at least with Germany, without infringing in any way on the basis of "Unconditional Surrender".

The situation to be faced is as follows:

Germany is at the end of its war potential and, on the whole, would be glad to end further bloodshed and destruction. However, under the present setup in Germany, the Nazi party and its close followers are the only organized group in Germany, but they all know that "Unconditional Surrender" will mean for all of them death either by the German people or by the hands of the Allies. Accordingly, they will resist to the last German, <sup>resulting in</sup> the complete destruction of Germany, from which no benefits can derive to any one. Hitler from the start knew very well that he was playing "va banque" with the whole German Nation, and committed, through his henchmen, atrocities beyond description, in order that the blame for such should fall on the whole people. In this way he thought to make sure that the German people would not rebel in fear of the consequences involved.

But still the nightmare of German revolution is always in his mind and he discloses this fear in all his speeches where he again and again affirms that there never will be another 1918 for Germany, meaning the revolution. Besides, he tries to make sure to keep the people in Germany down by his Gestapo and S.S. men. This being so, it is obvious that if nothing worse than that could happen for Hitler, it naturally would be the best thing to happen from the standpoint of the Allies. Accordingly a revolution resulting in the overthrow of Hitler's regime and all it stands for is desirable and should be supported by



means at the command of the Allies, because it would crush his whole doctrine built on the lie that the revolution of 1918 was a dagger in the back of the German Army, although everybody versed in the true facts knows that the German Army was defeated in the field previous to the revolution.

The reports from Germany confirm this fact - that the political situation there is ripe for revolution. The only brake on this tendency seems to be the strict control by the Gestapo and the S.S. troops, which represent the most fanatical followers of Hitler. If this brake is removed, an explosion will follow.

In the light of my past experience in the first revolution of 1918, in which I was participating and leading very actively, I should think it not impossible at all to separate the leaders from these soldiers. For this purpose a temporary committee of German-born members who have had the touch on the people, should be formed, in cooperation with the Allied Governments, and would then function for propaganda towards the end of hostilities.

As pointed out before, the importance to separate the men from the leaders is paramount and the plan to do this is as follows:

With radio and leaflets, the men and non-commissioned officers of the Nazi party, the Gestapo and the S.S. troops are presented with an ultimatum to detach themselves completely from their respective organizations, make the officers prisoners, and side up with arms in hand with the people. In this case no persecution will be pressed against them afterwards, only in extreme cases of cruelties committed on their own responsibility. Whoever has not done



so inside 48 hours will be sent to hard labor in destroyed countries for a time corresponding with his membership in any of these parties. Any one who has not followed this order inside of fourteen days from the date of issue must be regarded as a traitor against the people who will be declared "vogelrei", which means anybody and anywhere can shoot or kill him without punishment. I think under such pressure they will leave the "sinking ship" fast.

As to the Army: From a set date shortly after the issuance of this communication, hostilities will cease on the firing lines and bombing will be stopped - aeroplanes being used for dropping leaflets only. If the German Army complies with this ordinance, they can retreat without hindrance, keeping their arms and ammunition for the eventuality to fight Nazis, the Gestapo and those who refuse to follow this order. Disarmament will take place when the whole of Germany is occupied by the allied forces. From the time of cessation of hostilities, no troop movements behind the lines will be permissible. If the troops so select, they can turn out all their officers and elect their own representatives.

All officers who do not comply with the will of the people are to be regarded as traitors and treated as such immediately. Their retreat inside Germany will be arranged between the local commanders and the representatives of the German groups and spaced similar to that at the close of the last war. No destruction of any kind during retreat is permissible without endangering the agreement in its entirety. Therefore demolition must be fought against by the German Army.

This is a rough sketch of procedure which, if

the conflict.

It is important that the promises (conditions of course by the Allies) are carried out strictly. In this way the people, even the doubting Thomases, can see that they can have peace promptly if they put this last effort through in coordination with the temporary committees of free Germans.

This above proposal is made by a former soldier of the Imperial German Army, born in Germany, and an American citizen, who was, as mentioned before, actively participating in the revolution of 1918 and preaching and promoting such as a soldier from the beginning of 1917 at the risk of his life.

In January 1919 I resigned from politics and went after my private affairs, thinking and hoping to have done my part to produce a better Germany. When Hitler started his rallies in the beginning of 1919, I was repeatedly present at his rallies, but as I recognized him already at that time for what he is, I felt sure that the German people <sup>were</sup> wise enough not to follow him. From this point of view I did not regard him as dangerous at the time. But I found soon that his ideas were attractive to many unthinking people and I had many arguments with them, high and low, trying to convince them that it would be bad for Germany, if supported.

In 1926 I left Germany, sick of the political situation, and never set my foot on German soil since. As the Hitler shadow grew bigger, I had many arguments and discussions here, with the purpose to convince the people of the danger of his ideas and plans, which were repugnant to my way of thinking.

As to my ability as an analyst and original thinker, I should like to bring out a few happenings here. When the Zeppelin Hindenburg was destroyed in Luxemburg, I was able to discover the exact cause of it, and an experiment made in Washington in accordance with my theory brought forward in memoranda, proved conclusively the correctness of my theory.

When this war broke out I submitted twelve inventions to Washington, and although not informed, I think some ideas of these inventions have been put to practical use. At the present time we are working on the perfecting of a combination of recoil reducer and muzzle brake of my own design, with very good results.

This brief resume is for the purpose of showing that I have made some study from a practical point of view.

August Fowler  
10-09, 15th Street  
Brooklyn L.I.

DATE

22 March 45

TO: Mrs. O'Leary

As in the mail -  
 Col. Hurley asks that  
 orders read - to report  
 back to Hurley office -  
 which I have done -  
 attached is a

Copy of my memo to  
 you to complete your  
 file -  
 H. N.

Mrs. O'Donnell - rec'd for  
 your "Baran" file -

FROM:

H. N. BRITTEN, JR.

(32616)

Captain. CAC



Commanding Officer, Hq & Hq Detachment.

Personnel Procurement Branch.

Teo 3 Paul Baron, ASN 53 749 095.

20 March 1967  
Hq. Det.

1. It is requested that orders be published as soon as possible transferring Teo 3 Paul Baron, ASN 53 749 095 to United States Strategic Bombing Survey.

2. This action has the concurrence of Mr. Langer, HqA Branch, and is at the direction of the Deputy Director-Personnel.

3. It is further requested that subjects orders read that he report at the earliest practicable date to the United States Strategic Bombing Survey, Lt. Colonel Charles Hurley, Room 3L 1000, Pentagon, Washington, D. C.

For the Chief, Personnel Procurement Branch:

H. N. BRITTON, JR.  
Captain, OAC

cc: Security  
FACS



To: Mr. O'Gann

I understand from Langer and Schorske that they are prepared to release Baron. I understand Baron initiated this himself.

W.J.D.

29 March 1945

Director's Office

OS Form 3074  
(1300)

*14, 30 1*  
Baron, Paul C.

Dr. Langer

29 March 1945

Maj. Gen. W. J. Donovan

T/3 Paul Baron

The United States Strategic Bombing Survey has asked for the transfer of T/3 Paul Baron.

It is suggested that we communicate with Lt. Col. Charles Hurley, Room 3D1000, The Pentagon.

Before anything of this is done, please get in touch with Mr. O'Gara.

W.J.D.



WAR DEPARTMENT  
UNITED STATES STRATEGIC BOMBING SURVEY

28 March 1945


Major General William J. Donovan  
Director, Strategic Services  
25 E Street, N.W.,  
Washington, D.C.

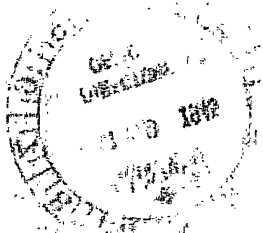
My dear General Donovan:

The United States Strategic Bombing Survey is desirous of obtaining the services of T/3 Paul Baron, ASN 33749095, presently assigned to the Office of Strategic Services, either by detail or transfer to the Survey. It is believed that Baron would be a valuable addition to the Survey in the Division charged with the consideration of over-all effects.

It will be appreciated if you will arrange to make Baron available to the Survey in whichever manner would be most suitable to your organization. If further information is desired, it is suggested that you communicate with Lt. Col. Charles Hurley, Room 3D1000, The Pentagon, on War Department Extension 71210.

For the Chairman:

  
CHARLES HURLEY,  
Lt. Col., A. C.  
Executive Officer



28 March 1945

Major General William J. Donovan  
Director, Strategic Services  
25 E Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C.

My dear General Donovan:

The United States Strategic Bombing Survey is desirous of obtaining the services of T/3 Paul Baron, ASN 33749095, presently assigned to the Office of Strategic Services, either by detail or transfer to the Survey. It is believed that Baron would be a valuable addition to the Survey in the Division charged with the consideration of over-all effects.

It will be appreciated if you will arrange to make Baron available to the Survey in whichever manner would be most suitable to your organization. If further information is desired, it is suggested that you communicate with Lt. Col. Charles Hurley, Room 3D1000, The Pentagon, on War Department Extension 71210.

For the Chairman:

CHARLES HURLEY,  
Lt. Col., A. C.  
Executive Officer



To: General

A previous memo on this  
man was referred to Mr. O'Gara  
on 9 March.

MO'D

Director's Office

OSG Form 300A

(1108)



**RESTRICTED****OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES  
WASHINGTON, D. C.**

9 March 1945

**MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Director, OSS  
**FROM:** Deputy Director-SSO  
**SUBJECT:** Paul A. Baran

1. Subject enlisted man is working in Central European Section of R&A under Lt. Schorske. This Section is part of Europe-Africa Division of R&A under Sherman Kent.

2. Subject was never employed by MO. Captain Dolan in September and October of 1943 attempted to have him transferred to MO from USSR Division of R&A. Dr. Robinson refused the request. The MO files contain no indication of proposed duties, why he was appropriate for MO, nor any description of the man.

*Edward L. Bigelow*  
Edward L. Bigelow  
Deputy Director-SSO

**RESTRICTED**

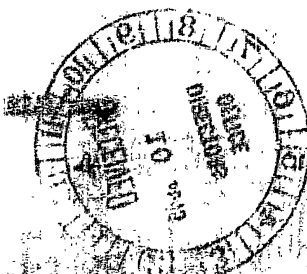
**RESTRICTED**

9 March 1945

**MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Director, OSS  
**FROM:** Deputy Director-SSO  
**SUBJECT:** Paul A. Baran

1. Subject enlisted man is working in Central European Section of R&A under Lt. Schorsake. This Section is part of Europe-Africa Division of R&A under Sherman sent.
2. Subject was never employed by MO. Captain [redacted] in September and October of 1943 attempted to have him transferred to MO from USSR Division of R&A. Dr. Robinson refused the request. The MO files contain no indication of proposed duties, why he was appropriate for MO, nor any description of the man.



Edward L. Bigelow  
 Deputy Director-SSO

**RESTRICTED**

TIMES-HERALD

WASHINGTON, D. C.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1945

## House Unit Probe Reveals Red Link Of OSS Official

The Communist affiliations of a key official on Polish affairs in the highly confidential Office of Strategic Services was disclosed yesterday as Polish-American groups, denouncing the Yalta agreement, called upon the Senate to secure free elections in Poland.

The disclosure of the radical connections of Paul Baran, Russian-born refugee, who until recently has been assigned to the OSS Polish desk where he analyzed reports on Polish matters for the determination of American policy, amazed members of the House subcommittee investigating the Army's admission of Communists to key military posts.

### Donovan Heads Office

The OSS, which is headed by Maj. Gen. William J. Donovan, functions under the joint chiefs of staff, which is composed of Generals Marshall and Arnold and Admirals Leahy and King. Donovan, who plans to correlate all intelligence and Federal police activities into a super-spy unit, was a White House caller yesterday, but President Roosevelt said the visit had no relation to Donovan's plans.

Baran was recently transferred to the anti-sabotage division of OSS. This transfer came after the breakup of the Polish underground which followed the uprising last summer against the Nazis in Warsaw. Poles have maintained that the abortive uprising was inspired by Moscow. Baran was in charge of reports relating to activities of the Polish underground.

Baran, members of the House subcommittee learned, was born in Russia about 1907. His family left Moscow during the years of civil war after the collapse of the Czarist government and settled in Germany. Many of Baran's relatives joined the Communist party. He attended German schools and universities.

In the early 1920's he joined the German Communist party. Shortly thereafter he was assigned to a confidential mission in Carpatho-Russia, according to information secured by committee members.

### With Polish Trade Group

About 1933, when the Communist organization was looking for German Communists holding passports of other countries because they could travel with relative safety in Nazi Germany, Baran appeared as an economic expert in a Polish trade delegation.

In this role Baran posed as a Polish citizen. He secured the post through a relative who was a Polish citizen. Subcommittee members were told that Baran contacted Communist superiors through Warsaw to receive secret assignments and that he acted as a courier for political messages.

In the 1930's Baran spent some time in Russia and France as well as Germany. According to information received here he was suspected in German circles close to Communists as being an agent of the OGPU.

He arrived in the United States in 1940 after the fall of France. He hesitated for some time, according to information here, whether to pose as a Russian or Polish subject. According to committee informants this fact proves that Baran had not severed his connections with Moscow, as no former member of the German Communist party could get a Russian passport without being affiliated with Moscow.



RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS BRANCH  
 POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, EUROPE-AFRICA DIVISION

Office of the Chief, Central European Section  
 700 Annex  
 Telephone: Ext. 2420

To:

*Rb. Thrun*

Room:

*126*

Building:

*Admiral*

*Attached Times Herald*

*story on Baram and his  
 reputation thereof.*

*C.E.S.*

Date:

From:

*W.C.E. Delmonico, USMR*



STANDARD FORM NO. 64

CONFIDENTIAL

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Lt. (jg) Carl E. Schorske  
 FROM : Paul Baran *P. A. B.*  
 SUBJECT: Newspaper allegations

DATE: 22 March 1945

The article "House Unit Probe Reveals Red Link of OSS Official" (Times-Herald, 17 March 1945; Chicago Daily Tribune, 17 March, Polish Daily Zgoda, 17 March, and other Polish language papers) which deals with my present work, and with my activities preceding my employment in the Office of Strategic Services, is of such a nature that an immediate repudiation appears to me to be mandatory.

1. The article states that I was "until recently...assigned to the OSS Polish desk" and that I was "recently transferred to the anti-sabotage division of OSS." This alleged shift of duties is then linked with the "breaking up of the Polish underground" in such a way as to infer a casual connection. Nothing could be more absurd. In the first place, I was not transferred to "the anti-sabotage division" or anywhere else. Secondly, the division of labor in the Central European Section was such that questions relating to the Polish underground were never my responsibility. Whatever documents the Central European Section produced on this subject were released before I joined its staff on 1 April 1944.

2. Further inaccuracies and unjustified inferences occur in the article's account of my early life.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

a. The article states that I was born in 1907. In point of fact, I was born on 25 August 1909, in Nikolayev, Russia.

b. It is stated that "many relatives" of mine joined the Communist Party. Actually, neither my parents nor any close relatives of mine either are, or ever were, members of the Communist Party.

c. It is further stated that "in the early 1920's he [Baran] joined the Communist Party." This is quite obviously untrue, since in the early 1920's I was 11 to 16 years old and consequently ineligible for membership in any political party. Moreover, I can state flatly that I never was and am not now a member of the Communist Party. In the late twenties, as a student in the universities of Berlin, Frankfurt am Main, and Breslau, I did belong to left-wing, Socialist student organizations and through them I worked closely with the Social Democratic Party. I contributed (in 1932) to the Social Democratic periodical Die Gesellschaft (edited by the former Minister of Finance, Rudolf Hilferding), to the Gewerkschaft-Archiv (published by Karl Zwing in Jena) to the Deutsche Republik (published by Werner Thorman in Frankfurt am Main) to the Weltbushne (published by Carl von Ossietzky in Berlin), and to other liberal publications. I did not belong to any political party, and after 1933 I had neither political affiliations of any kind, nor was I engaged in any political activities. My work thereafter was of a purely professional nature.

3. Having asserted falsely that I had joined the Communist Party, the article goes on to claim that "shortly thereafter" I was "assigned to a confidential mission in Carpatho-Russia." The inference that this was a "Communist" mission and the statement that it was "confidential" are alike false. In 1929 I spent about nine months in the Balkans

CONFIDENTIAL

(half of this time in Carpatho-Russia). I was there to study agricultural conditions -- particularly the land reforms instituted in these countries. This research was part of a large project conducted jointly by the International Agricultural Institute in Rome, the International Agrarian Institute in Moscow, and the Landwirtschaftliche Hochschule in Berlin. Supervisors of the project were Professors Aarehoe in Berlin, Brdlik in Prague, and Dubrowsky in Moscow. The results were published in a number of monographs in Russian, German and Czech. Later, in 1930, I submitted a monograph on the living conditions of the Carpatho-Russian peasants to the General Secretary of the League of Nations in Geneva.

4. The article next infers very directly that "about 1933" I traveled around Europe for the German Communists in the role of "an economic expert in a Polish trade delegation," posing as a Polish citizen. The facts are wholly different. In 1933 and 1934 I was living in Paris, working part-time as an assistant to Professor Francois Simiand of the Haute Ecole des Etudes Sociales, as a reader for the publishing firm Editions du Mercure de France, and on special assignments from the Institute of Social Research in Geneva. That I "posed" as a Polish citizen is incorrect: I was a Polish citizen, having been granted that status as a minor when my parents moved to Vilna in 1920. I retained Polish citizenship continuously until my naturalization as an American.

As for my traveling around Europe, I undertook this for legitimate business reasons -- as the greatest lumber firm in the United Kingdom (Foy, Morgan & Co., Ltd., 16 Eastcheap, London E32) can testify.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

My uncles, O. and M. Baran, who were subsequently murdered by the Germans, were among the most important lumber manufacturers and exporters in Poland. Through them I obtained in 1936 a post as business economist and executive with the Vilna Chamber of Commerce (Wiltlab, Ltd.) and engaged in the promotion of Vilna lumber. In this capacity I traveled frequently to Danzig, Germany, Holland, Switzerland, and England, and negotiated various agreements with governmental and private agencies in these countries. The statement that I "contacted Communist superiors through Warsaw to receive secret assignments and that I acted as a courier for political messages" is completely untrue. All my travels -- with the exception of one or two vacation trips -- were exclusively connected with my work for the Vilna Chamber of Commerce.

5. As a detail, it might be noted that the article's next statement that I "arrived in the United States in 1940 after the fall of France" is inaccurate. I came to the United States with a regular immigration visa and fully valid Polish passport on 22 October 1939.

6. The article further asserts that, on arrival I "hesitated for some time...whether to pose as a Russian or Polish subject." There was, of course, no reason or possibility of hesitating, since I was holding a Polish passport last extended by the Polish Consul General in London and not returned by me to the Polish Consul General in New York until 4 January 1944, the day of my naturalization as an American citizen.

7. The article states in conclusion that my alleged "hesitation" proves that I "had not severed ~~my~~ connections with Moscow, as no former member of the German Communist party could get a Russian passport without being affiliated with Moscow." As I did not "hesitate," as I have never

CONFIDENTIAL



CONFIDENTIAL

been a member of the German or any other Communist Party, and as I have never held a Russian passport at any time in my life, this charge makes no sense whatever.

3. In the "Polish Daily Zgoda" there is contained the additional allegation that immediately after my arrival in the United States I began "to penetrate into circles connected with Polish and Russian affairs." This is wholly untrue. Upon arrival in this country I went to Harvard University. There I spent about two years in graduate work in economics and in research for members of the Harvard staff.

CONFIDENTIAL

OSS form 1004b

DATE 15 March 194

TO: General Denevan

Colonel Roberts has looked  
carefully into the records on  
T/3 Paul Alexander BARAN, as  
per your note attached, and  
the report is submitted to  
you herewith.

John E. O'Gara

*John E. O'Gara*

SAC, New York

Sullivan - Police L.T.

FROM: *will give me nothing*  
*from my B. L. 1st.*

(12116)

H Putyell

Re attached

- 1) The General may or may not want to see this.
  - 2) Personally, I think he inclined to give him the W.H. gate.
  - 3) at least we should follow up in about 2 mos. for now taking
- Ally

## OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

## INTEROFFICE MEMO

TO: Mr. John E. O'Garra  
 FROM: Lt. Colonel Paul Roberts, QMG  
 SUBJECT: BARAN, Paul Alexander - T/3 AUS

DATE: 16 March 1948

**CONFIDENTIAL**

Subject is in Polish Section - Central European Section, Political Sub-Division, Europe-Africa Division, Research and Analysis Branch. His immediate supervisor is Lt. Carl E. Schorske.

- 12-1-43 - OSS Reg. inv. for position of Economist, \$3,000
- 2-17-43 - Civil Service Commission recommended for position designated.
- 2-17-43 - Civil Service Commission O. K.
- 10-12-43 - FMO examined Civil Service Commission files

Born 8-28-09 at Nikolaev, Russia. Father born in Poland, mother born in Latvia. Both presently residing in Moscow, Russia.

- 10-22-39 - Arrived in United States
- 10-17-40 - First papers issued at New York

Divorced wife in November 1941 at Dare County, Florida for desertion. Wife and her new husband have custody of minor child with subject's consent.

Education: Univ. of Breslau, Germany - December 1931 - Diploma  
 Univ. of Berlin, Germany - April 1933 - Ph. D.  
 Univ. of Paris, France - August 1934 - Diploma  
 Harvard University - February 1941 - M. A. Economics

Employment: February 1927 to February 1929: International Agrarian Institute, Berlin and Moscow - Assistant Economist  
 February 1929 to February 1930: Institute for Social Research and Institute for Eastern Europe at Frankfurt and Breslau - Economist.  
 April 1932 to April 1933 - Berlin - Economist  
 February 1933 to February 1934 - Univ. of Paris - Ass't Professor  
 July 1935 to September 1939 - Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Warsaw and London - Economist.  
 October 1941 to June 1942 - Brookings Institute, Washington D.C.  
 June 1942 to September 1942 - Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., - Economist

**CONFIDENTIAL**



-2-

Subject presumably engaged in studies during gaps in his employment history.

Entered employ of Office of Strategic Services

Subversive check at Washington, D. C. on October 2, 1942 -  
MIS, ONI, Dies Committee, and Civil Service Commission files  
(All Negative Report)

No investigation was conducted by Civil Service Commission as the Federal Bureau of Investigation ran investigation on subject for the Office of Emergency Management and Office of Price Administration, copies of which reports are in the Civil Service Commission files.

All witnesses interviewed in FBI investigation testified as to subject's anti-Nazi and anti-Communist views and stated that they believed he intended residing in the United States for the rest of his life and would be loyal to the United States. Character and ability also highly recommended.

In discussing loyalty with Mr. Hoot, Personnel Officer of R&A, he said that there had never been any indication of anything except loyalty. Any violation would be more apt to result from lack of discretion rather than fundamental beliefs. However, he further stated that subject was entirely unpredictable, that he would reverse himself in a very short period of time and argue against ideas that he had strongly advocated hours earlier.

He has been shifted around a great deal in R&A because of personality difficulties.

He rated from high to very low on motivation depending entirely upon how he feels toward a project. Mr. Hoot's description: "brilliant, flashy, unreliable, works hard or not, as he fancies." However, he is reputed to turn out a sufficient volume of work to justify his being retained.

On stability, he would rate very low. At present he seems to be fairly well placed, but this may only last one month or two months before a blow-up, and then they will have to move him.

On practical intelligence, he would rate low. There have been several indiscretions that indicate this rating. He has plenty of "book learning" but short on "alley cat smartness." This is further demonstrated by his inability to get along with others.

In this classification, he rates the lowest. There have been few places in R&A where he "gets along." However, he is reputed

**CONFIDENTIAL**

-8-

to "spark" ideas which apparently stimulate him and irritate the more methodical workers. He is irritating in this way, he will work jointly on a report with another, agree to findings, and then reverse himself and oppose the ideas advanced in the jointly prepared report. Workers say, "you can't live with him - you can't work with him." However, this is somewhat refuted by his social life because he has numerous lady friends.

#### Leadership - Zero

When he requested discharge from the Army (which was refused) to accept a civilian job with FEA, everyone gave approval.

However, his present chief, Lt. Karl E. Schorske, needed help so badly for volume of work, he was glad to try Baran out.

Mr. Hoot admits his knowledge would be hard to replace and recommends that he be continued to see if Baran "will work out" under Lt. Schorske.

PR  
Dys.

CONFIDENTIAL

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

CONFIDENTIAL

16, 205

BARAN, Paul Alexander

## Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Files

DATE: 9 March 1945

FROM : AWS *aws*

SUBJECT: BARAN, Paul Alexander, T/3, AUS.

Subject was first employed as civilian with R & A - Europe - Africa Division, Economics Section. He was later transferred to R & A - Europe Division, Economics Section. At this time Subject's induction was imminent and MO/WIE endeavored to have him transferred to it, with the intention of sending him to ETO. In fact, MO proceeded to have him approved for overseas travel but this transfer was never effected. Instead, Subject was inducted and transferred back to R & A - Europe-Africa Division, Economics Section - Central European Sub-Section, which covers Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, etc.

Lt. Shorske is Chief of Subject's Section and is said to value Subject's language and research ability.

Subject is reported to have been considered a general nuisance and a personnel problem ever since he entered employment. He is reported to have been guilty of a number of indiscretions - for example: he is believed to have spoken to a particular refugee without prior permission to do so.

This office was informed that within the past two months efforts were made to have Subject discharged from the Army for the convenience of the Government, in order to enter the employment of FEA - and Doctor Langer is said to have consented in advance to this proposal - but the Army is said to have disapproved of Subject's discharge.

*John O'Gara*

*I wish to see this man's record looked into very carefully*

CONFIDENTIAL

100-1001001001

Date: February 1, 1954

To: Mr. Cheston

A copy of the attached  
letter concerning Dr. Baldwin  
has been sent to Col. Dix.

John W. Auchincloss  
John W. Auchincloss  
1st Lt., JAGC

2/3/54

Col. Dix is writing to  
Mr. Treadwell - many call on  
him later - USA.

Office of the Secretariat

(222)



THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN  
MADISON 8

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

January 29, 1945

My dear Mr. Cheston,

President Dykstra was unable before he left the University of Wisconsin to reply to your letter of January sixth regarding the services of Dr. I. L. Baldwin.

I have been asked to release my position as Dean of the College of Agriculture in order to assume the presidency of the University of Wisconsin. Because of the great shortage of senior staff members now serving with various aspects of the war effort, it was necessary for the Regents to ask Dr. Baldwin to serve as Acting Dean of the College of Agriculture. This means that Dr. Baldwin will try to take care of the main work involved in two positions -- in the Graduate School and in the College of Agriculture. It is hoped that a permanent appointment as Dean of the College of Agriculture will be made within the next few weeks and that Dr. Baldwin will be released from this assignment.

In view of the double assignment which it was necessary to ask Dr. Baldwin to assume, it will not be possible at the present time for us to release him for service to your organization. The University of Wisconsin is very conscious of its responsibilities to the nation during this war period and is anxious to do everything possible to make the services of its staff members available to the federal government in whatever capacities they can serve best. If the services of Dr. Baldwin are needed sometime later in the year, it is possible that he could be released, and if it is at all possible to do so, the University will be more than happy to cooperate.

Yours sincerely,

*E. B. Fred*

Mr. Charles S. Cheston  
Assistant Director  
Office of Strategic Services  
Washington, D. C.

6 January 1946

President C. A. Dykstra  
University of Wisconsin  
Madison, Wisconsin

Dear Mr. Dykstra:

Colonel M. B. Chittick has told me of his telephone conversation with you on 23 December and of the generous manner in which you received my informal request for the temporary services of Dr. Ira L. Baldwin. We are extremely anxious to have Dr. Baldwin for work with this agency and realize as it is possible to foresee at the present time, we believe that his services will be required for the period of approximately two months.

I also understand from Colonel Chittick that you will be good enough to submit our request to your Board of Regents for approval. Your attention in this connection is deeply appreciated and we shall be very grateful if Mr. Baldwin can be made available.

Sincerely,

Charles E. ...  
Special Agent

THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN  
MADISON 6

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

January 10, 1945

Dear Mr. Cheston,

Your letter of January 6, concerning leave of absence for Dr. Ira L. Baldwin, reached our office just as Mr. Dykstra was leaving to catch a train. He will be away from Madison for about a week attending committee meetings. Upon his return your letter will be brought to his attention.

Very truly yours,

*Loea W. Bradford*  
Secretary

Mr. Charles S. Cheston  
Assistant Director  
Office of Strategic Services  
Washington, D. C.

1/13 P. of this - 1

**CONFIDENTIAL**

*Bartholomew*

201-Bartholomew, Vincent M. (O) 1st Ind. PPP/cba  
OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES, 25th & H Streets, N. W.,  
Washington, D. C., 20 January 1945

TO: Commanding Officer, Hq. & Hq. Det., OSS

Approved provided subject officer undergoes special parachute training available at Area "F" under the supervision of Chief, Schools and Training Branch.

Charles S. Cheston  
Acting Director

CC: - Executive Officer, OS

**CONFIDENTIAL**



**SECRET**1000/POT  
1002/100/12465

IN reply refer to:  
 HQ 312-20000,  
 Charles T.,  
 Capt., AC.

10 November 1944.

SUBJECT: Radio Orders.

TO: The Adjutant General, Officers' Branch.

1. It is requested that secret radio orders issue immediately, relieving the following named officer from present assignment and assign as Assistant Military Air Attache, with station, London, England and assigning him to the Office of Strategic Services, Washington, D.C., with station in London, England:

Capt. CHARLES T. HARRIS, O-905095, AC.

2. No travel is involved.

3. Colonel Stanley T. Gray, A/C of A/C, Personnel Command, Charles S. Houston, Assistant Director, O.S.S., Washington, D.C., con-  
 cur.

For the Chief, Military In-alliance Service:

ROBERT A. TRAVIS,

CAPTAIN, PI,

ASST Personnel O. Iner, M.I.

SP

Distribution:

R/S,

O-905095,

Col. HARRIS, A/C, PI,

1002/100/12465

**SECRET**

**SECRET**

26 October 1944

SUBJECT: Reassignment.

TO: Chief, Officer's Branch, Military Personnel Division,  
Office of Assistant Chief Air Staff,  
Headquarters, A. A. P.,  
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Lt. Colonel Strother D. Hardwick.

1. This office has been informed that Captain Charles F. Barnes, A-111, G-108535, is being released from duty as Assistant Military Air Staff at London, England.

2. Captain Barnes' services are urgently needed by the Office of Strategic Services and it is requested that he be made available for assignment to the Office of Strategic Services, Washington, D. C., with a view to London, England.

CHARLES F. BARNES  
Assistant Director

**SECRET**

## MEMORANDUM

~~SECRET~~

7 September 1944

To: Commander Baker

From: Chandler Morse

1. You are appointed Chief of the R&A/London -Force, And as such will be responsible to the Chief of the London Branch through the Chief of the R&A/Paris Outpost for co-ordinating the work of the group and for seeing that its members are used to the best effect, subject to the requirements of the T-Force Command, under whose direct authority you will be during the period of your attachment.
2. You will keep in close touch with the Chief of the R&A/Paris Outpost, to co-ordinate the work of your team with that of the Outpost and to determine at what times the members of your team shall be transferred to that Outpost.
3. You will keep it in mind that the members of your team are associated with the T-Force as specialists, whose function it is to perform particular tasks upon particular targets. As soon as their usefulness in relation to their specialties shows signs of diminishing, you will arrange that they, like other specialists attached to such T-Force, return to their headquarters, i.e. OSS Headquarters, Paris or London.
4. You will take steps to see that, as far as the organization of the T-Force allows, our specialists with interests of a general nature like yourself with the Far East or the Map Division representatives for maps, shall have an opportunity to work with any one of the T-Force that may be dealing with appropriate material.
5. If an apparently useful opportunity should develop to attach specialists to T-Force operating elsewhere in France, in the Low Countries, or especially in Germany, you will submit recommendations for action immediately to the Chiefs of R&A, London and Paris; and if time does not permit final decision to be reached in this way, you will use your own judgement.
6. You will communicate regularly to Paris and London Headquarters of OSS in two series of reports, which shall be kept separate; one series to present the work and accomplishments of your team, the other to comment upon the conditions of your work and administrative facilities or difficulties.

AE;VF

Chandler Morse,  
Chief, R&A/London.cc. Mr. Morse  
Washington  
Miss Bedman

OSS FORM 4001a

**SECRET**

Date 15 September 41

To: Mr. O'Donnell

a copy of

This is the reply received to  
Mr. Cheston's letter of September 8,  
1941. I have had this copy made  
for your files, and have sent the  
original answer to HQ for action,  
with a copy to PPB for information.

JWAuchincloss  
J. W. Auchincloss  
1st Lt., JAGD

**SECRET**

Office of the Secretariat

(9139)



**SECRET**

15 September 1944

AGPE-A-WDGAP 201 Ballato, John N.  
(8 Sept 44)

Commanding Officer,  
Office of Strategic Services,  
141 South,  
Washington, D. C.

1. Reference is made to your letter of 8 September 1944, addressed to the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1, Subject: Request for Honorable Discharge of Corporal John M. Ballato, 32624588.

2. Request contained in paragraph 1 of above mentioned letter is approved.

3. Comply with paragraph 5d, AR 615-360, 25 May 1944.

By order of the Secretary of War:

M. G. Richardson

Adjutant General.

1 Incl.

**SECRET**

15, 204

Benny, May, 1964

**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**  
**U.S. ARMY FORCES IN THE MIDDLE EAST**

2 May 1964

Mr. Charles S. Cheston,  
Acting Director, OSS,  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Charley:

I am sending this letter to you through Col. He and I am  
regard to another officer in USAFME. His name is Major R. T. Barry  
and he is an extremely well trained CIC operator. In fact, he is  
the head of CIC in the Middle East.

As with the case of He and I, I have known him for a  
period of months and believe him to be extremely able. Due to  
varying changes in plans and shifts in policy, he has pretty well  
fed up with USAFME and AFHQ. I, myself, believe he can give  
great help to the AFHQ branch as he knows their mind. I believe  
what they do. In addition, I believe he is a good man and  
efficient. If you agree, it is my suggestion that you give him  
a shot for him and that you take him in under the AFHQ. I  
hope to see you for a short introduction, and I can assure you.

He and He and I are a pair of extremely able men. I  
won't look at you any before you could do it. I am  
regretting. Incidentally, they both know a lot of things and  
are sympathetic to AFHQ's point.

Sincerely,

J. A. RANLPH,  
Colonel, U.S. Army,  
Bahrain Army Detachment.

call sent

*Barry, Ed. 5-11-44*

Resume of 201 File (Scanned by Capt Bishop *7/7/49*)

11 September 44

SUBJECT: Edward P. Barry, O-4777285

1. By the direction of Major Sidney W. Little, the 201 file above subject has been searched and the following information obtained chiefly from WD-AGO Form 0880;

Subject was born 23 May 1914 at Chicago, Illinois, of parents born U. S. He is 6' 1/2" and weighs 165 pounds. He lists the following attendance at Educational Institutions: De Paul Univ., 2 years; Freiburg Univ., Germany, 1 1/2 years; North Western Univ., 1 year with B.S. degree in Business Administration, plus 1 year Accounting, O.I.C. Training School, 1 month. He played college basketball, and college and professional baseball. He was also interested in back stage theatrical production. From July 1934 to October 1935 he lists residence or travel in Germany, France, Italy and Switzerland. He has a knowledge of German (Read - good; Speak - Good, Auditory Comprehension - Excellent). He specialized in Personnel and Production Management. He spent 5 years organizing, managing and directing boys clubs in connection with Evanston, Ill., YMCA.

From July 1937 to January 1940 he was with the Container Corp. of America, Mr. Lee Hickox, supervisor, doing production planning, sales promotion, and learning press layout and printing procedures. Starting salary \$40 week, final \$55 Week. He left this in January 1940 to become a partner in a cooperative Farm and Wholesale produce business in which he was engaged until his induction in January 1941. No income is stated.

Subject's Enlisted Serial No. was 26002363. From 27 Jan 41 to 2 Sept 41 he was with the 1607 CASU, Hq. Fort Sheridan, Ill. From 2 Sept 41 to 20 March 41 he states he was a St. Sgt, DEML with CIC, Chicago, Ill. The records indicate he was transferred from the 6th Corps Area to the CIC Investigators School 20 April 42.

Under date of 11 June 1942 S/Sgt Barry received a temporary appointment as 2d Lt., AUS, upon request of MIS and assigned to CG, 6th Corps Area. On 27 June 42 orders assigned him to temporary duty in MIS, Washington, DC. He was promoted to 1st Lt. 3 Oct 1942; to Capt, AUS, 18 April 43; to Major, MI, AUS, 2 August 44. These last 2 promotions were made in the Middle East theatre.

A Counter Int. Corps Efficiency Report covering from 1 July 43 to 31 Dec 43 gives him Excellent ratings in all but "Attention to Duty", "Judgment and Common Sense" and "Personal Appearance" in which he was rated Superior.

**SUBJECT: Edward P. Barry - Resume of 201 File (Cont'd)**

By direction of the President the Legion of Merit was awarded to Captain Barry on 11 Jan 44 at Cairo, Egypt, with the following citation: "For exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding service from 26 Nov 43 to 2 Dec 43 in connection with the Tri-Partite conference at \* \* \*. Besides assisting in the preliminary intelligence arrangements for the conference, he was in direct command of army internal security forces at the residence of foremost U. S. representatives and in the conference room. Many requests for immediate specialized security services were made upon Capt Barry which required careful, detailed planning. Despite a shortage of experienced personnel under conditions in which there was substantial security exposure, his aggressive leadership, initiative and extraordinary display of perseverance was instrumental in maintaining the highest level of security".

The Officer's Service Record as an Enlisted man could not be located.



CSA  
Form 69 (Revised)

## OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 7 JUNE 45

FROM

COMNAVEU

TO

NAVY DEPARTMENT

~~OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES~~

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

DEFERRED

IN 15449

## DISTRIBUTION

(FOR ACTION)

NAVY DEPARTMENT

(FOR INFORMATION)

DIRECTOR, MAGRUDER, FIELD SECTION,  
SI, X-2, O'GARA, NAVAL COMMAND.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

16-57843-2

RECEIVED IN CODE OR CIPHER

RESTRICTED

RESTRICTED

#NCR 30797. COMNAVEU TO BUPERS. INFORMATION: CO, NAVAL COMMAND,  
OSS, WASHINGTON, D.C.

ISSUANCE BY DESPATCH, OF ORDERS RETURNING LT. NORRIE P. BASTEDO, USNR 324147, SI, TO INACTIVE DUTY STATUS, REQUESTED. IN ORDER TO CARRY OUT HIS DUTIES AS SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO CHIEF OF OSS GERMAN MISSION, IT IS NECESSARY THAT LT. BASTEDO BE GRANTED CIVILIAN STATUS. IN HIS PRESENT JUNIOR RANK, LT. BASTEDO UNABLE TO EFFECTIVELY CARRY OUT HIS DUTIES, SINCE HE IS REQUIRED TO WORK WITH HIGH RANKING ALLIED AND UNITED STATES NAVAL AND MILITARY PERSONNEL. THIS ACTION AGREED TO BY LT. BASTEDO. ACTION APPROVED BY COMMANDING OFFICER, NAVAL COMMAND, OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES, WASHINGTON, DC AND COMNAVEU.

TOR: 1439 8 JUNE 45

FILE COPY

RESTRICTED

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**  
**WASHINGTON, D. C.**

6 July 1944

**From:** The Director of Strategic Services  
**To :** The Chief of Naval Personnel  
**Subj:** Lieut. (jg) Norrie Philip Bastedo, D-V(S), USN,  
 Spot promotion of.

**Ref :** (a) Letter from SecNav, dated 4 October 1943

1. Subject officer was appointed a Lieutenant by Reference (a), said appointment to continue while serving on the Staff of the Director of the Intelligence Division of the Office of Strategic Services in Washington.

2. Subject officer is now being ordered to duty in the European Theater on the Staff of the Strategic Services Officer in that theater. He will be performing virtually the same duties as those which he performed in Washington, but as Special Assistant to the Strategic Services Officer in that area. However, he will be operating for all Divisions of the Office of Strategic Services connected with the Intelligence Division only, which is represented in this country.

3. In view of the fact that this change of duty is in actuality a promotion in the Table of Organization of the Office of Strategic Services, it is respectfully requested that Lieutenant (jg) Bastedo be permitted to retain his spot promotion to the grade of Lieutenant until such time as he may be promoted in service.

G. Edward Burton,  
 Acting Director.

**CONFIDENTIAL**  
ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

Accession No. ....

Date Rec'd SA .....

To	Room No.	Date		Officer's Initials	Comment
		Rec'd.	Fwd'd.		
<del>Misc Room</del>				<del>REC</del>	
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

Each comment should be numbered to correspond with number in To column.  
 A line should be drawn across sheet under each comment.  
 Officer Designations should be used in To column.  
 Each Officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing.  
 Action desired or action taken should be indicated in Comments column.  
 Routing sheet should always be returned to Registry.  
 For Officer Designations see separate sheet.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

24 March 1944

Mr. F. B. Rogger  
General Manager  
Everybody's Daily  
Buffalo, New York

Dear Mr. Rogger:

We have received the following from the War Department relative to your friend, Lieutenant Lucien Baranski of Camp Croft, South Carolina:

The Army Ground Forces will not release this officer to us at this time.

We are sorry that we are prohibited from asking the services of Lieutenant Baranski, and the fact that he cannot be released from his present assignment certainly bears out your opinion of him.

Thanking you again for showing this man to our attention, I am

Very truly yours,

Chas. W. Egan  
Major, USA



General Egan  
Mr. J. H. Harbison

not my job 44 11 42



FROM:

FREE

## ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

Accession No. ....

Date Rec'd SA .....

*May Subank*

To	Room No.	Date		Officer's Initials	Comments
		Rec'd.	Fwd'd.		
1. Director OSS	<del>3-10-6</del>				
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

Each comment should be numbered to correspond with number in To column.

A line should be drawn across sheet under each comment.

Officer Designations should be used in To column.

Each Officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further routing.

Action desired or action taken should be indicated in Comments column.

Routing sheet should always be returned to Registry.

For Officer Designations see separate sheet.

FREE

*Baranski, Lucien  
+ Rogers, F. B.*

18 March 1944

Mr. F. B. Rogers  
General Manager  
Everybody's Daily  
Buffalo, New York

Dear Mr. Rogers:

Your letter of recent date, relative to Lieutenant Lucien Baranski, has been referred to this office for reply.

We have communicated with Lieutenant Baranski, forwarding him personal history statements to be made out. Upon receipt of this information, his qualifications will be reviewed. If there is any need for an officer with his experience and qualifications, he will receive our favorable consideration.

Please be assured that General Donovan is up relative of your directing this young officer to our attention.

Sincerely yours,

*Philip Eubank*  
Chas. J. Eubank  
Major, Ord.

CJE:hr  
cc: General Donovan  
Mr. J. M. Scribner

*Bangsholl, 1st Lt.*

**SECRET**

1 March 1944

**MEMORANDUM TO SERGEANT LEIF BANGSHOLL**  
**SUBJECT: ORDERS**

1. You are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to the destination indicated in your military orders, where you will report to the Strategic Services Officer, for that Theatre of Operations. You are, thereafter, to act under the instructions of the Strategic Services Officer for such Theatre.

*William J. Donovan*  
 William J. Donovan  
 Director

**APPROVED:**

**APPROVED:**

*William F. Davis III*  
 Lt. Colonel, PA  
 Chief, SD

*J. E. Gurikner*  
 Deputy Director, GSO

*Richard John H. Wilson, GSO*  
 European Theatre Officer

**SECRET**

10 February 1944

~~MEMORANDUM~~

TO: Sergeant Mario J. Barry

SUBJECT: Orders

1. You are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to the destination indicated in your military orders, where you will report to the Chief of OSS for that theater of operations. You are, thereafter, to act under the instructions of the Chief of OSS for such theater.

G. RICHARD BRATTON  
Acting Director

APPROVED:

J. H. Scribner,  
Deputy Director, SSO

William F. Davis, III, Lt. Col., FA,  
Deputy Chief, SO

Capt. O. Hoffmann, Major, AUS,  
Far East Theater Officer



TOP SECRET

13, 1  
Badoglio

18 April 1944

Mr. Jonathan Daniels  
The White House

My dear Mr. Daniels:

I enclose letter to the President from Marshall Badoglio which was delivered to Major Ricca, OSS Liaison with Badoglio, for delivery to the President in all haste. Major Ricca has just brought this back and we present it to you unopened with the original seal unbroken.

Sincerely yours

G. Edward Buxton

Acting Director

Enc

TOP SECRET

3. Memorandum to WJD from McKay and Gerv  
re conversation with Marshal Bagdasarian  
1-21-44

Distribution Sheet - 17 Feb. 1944

SECRET

- 1 Magruder  
Shepardson  
Langer
- 2 Cheston  
Planning Group (H. Wilson)
- 3 NATO (Scribner)
- 4 Secretariat

**SECRET**

January 31, 1948

To: General William J. Donovan

From: Donald C. McKay and Hugh S. Gary

Subject: Conversation with Marshal Badoglio

1. This morning at 11, after we had had a short, early morning breakfast, General Basso, the Marshal received us and we spent approximately 45 minutes with him. He is typically a military figure - quiet, self-possession, simple, straightforward - a person of great charm and courtesy who is completely at home.

2. We expressed your regret at not being able to see him. He said that you would like to have an opportunity to talk with him. He said he would be very happy if such a meeting could be arranged as he is anxious to discussing various problems with you and especially Italy's position in the post-war world. He is anxious also to have your reactions to his idea of returning to Brindisi today to be there some time. If you could come to the airport, he would be happy to meet you at the airport, to arrange an interview of two or three hours there, and thus make it possible for you to be in Naples within the half-day. He is willing to return to Naples especially to see you, but admits that this would be a definite inconvenience to him.

The Marshal talked with great candor, but made a point of saying at the beginning that he assumed he was speaking to us in the most confidential manner.

3. We asked the Marshal three general questions and talked at considerable length on each. First: what will be the political effect of the fall of Rome? He noted that the party leaders of influence and ability are in Rome, in hiding. By inference, we concluded that he had no high opinion of the political leaders in southern Italy. He said that if a political leader of this kind found better suited to the headship of the government than himself, he would gladly entrust him with the task - but he must approve the man. In this connection he mentioned that he had never been in politics before, that he is not a politician and does not profess to be one: "I have won a dozen medals, yes, but I have never been in politics."

4. What role will Italy occupy in the post-war world? Europe, said the Marshal, will be divided into two blocs: (1) Britain, France, Russia and her Balkan satellites. Britain now, as in the time of the war, will be a disunited and weak Italy. Russia will dominate the Continent, and to the effect this situation short of a war against Russia (which he is not inclined to take as a possible course). He is convinced that the United States can do nothing to pull back into its post-1918 isolationist position but must assume a leadership role. Conditions in Europe must be the concern of the United States, and a close collaboration between the United States and Italy is to be desired. The world will give Italy a position of requisite strength, on one hand, and on the other Italy would act as an "agent" of the United States in representing her interests in Europe.

**SECRET**

SECRET

- 2 -

5. How can Italy find a solution for her economic problems in the post-war world? Italy is a poor country, lacking essential resources, the Marshall noted. If she is to be put on her feet, it is the United States which can help. If orderly conditions are to be restored, Italy needs aid in the reconstruction of her communications (roads, rail roads, etc.) and in the reorganization and reconstruction of her cities. One phase of this cooperation would logically be the conclusion of a commercial treaty with the United States running from 1945 to 50 years.

SECRET



*Bateson, Gregory. 19, 459*  
*x Visa Division*

**CONFIDENTIAL**

31 January 1944

Mr. Howard K. Travers  
 Chief, Visa Division  
 Department of State  
 Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Travers:

I shall greatly appreciate every assistance you can give us in expediting the concurrence of the Department in an application for a reentry permit recently filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service by Mr. Gregory Bateson.

We have asked the Immigration and Naturalization Service to give this application immediate attention, and I understand that it should be in your hands in the near future.

The applicant has been selected to undertake a confidential mission, and it is important that he be in a position to depart from the country as soon as possible.

I am satisfied that approval of his application by the Department would be entirely consistent with the national interest.

Because of the urgent nature of the subject's mission, it may be necessary for him to leave before the reentry permit is issued. In this case, I should greatly appreciate your arranging to have the requirement of an exit permit waived.

Yours very truly,

Charles S. Houston  
 Acting Assistant Director

**CONFIDENTIAL**

Classified in Secretariat

*Paterson, Gregory 4/20/54*

January 25th, 1944

MEMORANDUM TO MR. GREGORY PATERSON  
SUBJECT: ORDERS

1. You are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to New Delhi, India, where you will report to the Chief, Office of Strategic Services, Southeast Asia Command, to act under the instructions of the Chief, Office of Strategic Services, Southeast Asia Command.

APPROVED:

*Merton Bodfish*

Merton Bodfish  
Deputy Chief, MO

APPROVED:

*J. M. Scribner*  
J. M. Scribner  
Deputy Director, SSO

*for* *George Demas*  
Lt. (jg) George Demas  
Acting PB Theatre Officer

13 4  
*Baldwin, Howard*  
6 September 1945

Mr. Howard Baldwin  
National Advertising Manager  
The New Yorker  
25 West 43rd Street  
New York 18, New York

My dear Mr. Baldwin:

Thank you for your note. You will remember  
my recommendation to the Joint Chiefs of Staff that  
for "counter" purposes, we should have an MO section.

Of course I will be delighted to see you,  
and for your convenience will call you when I am next  
in New York.

Sincerely,

William J. Donovan  
Director

13,453  
*Bellevue Street*

THE  
**NEW YORKER**  
No. 25 WEST 43<sup>RD</sup> STREET  
NEW YORK, 18, N. Y.

(1)

September 4, 1945

Major General William J. Donovan  
Office of Strategic Services  
Q Building  
Washington, D. C.

Dear General Donovan:

I returned to the U.S. on May twentieth with the sincere conviction that continuance of MO work in some form is imperative if our large investment in the liberation of Europe is to be protected. Since my release from OSS, new evidence strengthens that conviction.

During the fourteen months I served MO-ETO as Deputy Chief or Chief of the Branch, I learned a good deal. The early months were particularly frustrating due to our inability to get a clear directive from PWD. During that period, however, I became familiar with the methods of our British opposite numbers, and I also gained a fair knowledge of their propaganda methods.

When we became operational after the liberation of Paris, we began to learn from actual experience how potent a weapon the Black can be. As the war approached its end, our staff had developed techniques in which I am sure we all had great confidence.

All this is but preface to my belief that the skills should be doubly valuable today. Our ability to analyze and counter anti-American propaganda should be put to work again. It is obvious that many forces are at work and that American prestige is at stake. Our own Armies of Occupation are victims of skillfully planted rumors, our governmental agencies are



THE NEW YORKER



-2-

handicapped in their missions by Black propaganda that is designed to reduce our potency. You know better than I how vulnerable our position is. Our daily press and radio indicate the seriousness of the situation.

I would like to discuss with you what little I know of Britain's propaganda aims, of Russia's plans, of France's attitude. I should like to do anything I can to aid in the establishment of a small bureau of propaganda analysis and a small corps to counter those rumors or news plants that are so skillfully designed to embarrass our country.

May I meet with you anywhere, anytime, at your convenience.

Very cordially,

Howard Baldwin  
National Advertising Manager

HB:MP

P. S.

Frederic Rinehart of Farrar and Rinehart Publishers is anxious to discuss with you or some authorized person the possibilities of publishing a book on OSS. You will receive a note from him in a day or two.

*Baldwin, Howard***SECRET****27 January 1944**

**MEMORANDUM TO:** Mr. Howard Baldwin  
**SUBJECT:** Orders

You are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to London, England, where you will report to the Strategic Services Officer, European Theater of Operations. You are, thereafter, to act under the instructions of the Strategic Services Officer for the European Theater.

G. Edward Duxton  
Acting Director

**SECRET**

OSS FORM 4001a

Date 21 June 1945

To: General Donovan

The attached letter to Mr.  
Philip Baldwin has been redrafted  
in accordance with your request.

  
Osgood Nichols  
Secretariat

✓  
Office of the Secretariat

(9199)

SECRET

## ROUTING AND RECORD SHEET

Accession No. ....

Date Rec'd. SA. ....

To	Room No.	Date		Officer's Initials	Comments
		Rec'd.	Fwd'd.		
1. Capt. Barrow				HTB	
2. <i>Smith</i>	226	6 06		CD	1-2 Will you see what can be done to make the Baldwin a more personal matter. 2- from letter in 201
3. <i>Goodrich</i>	226				
4.					
5.					2 to 3. Please find us herewith requested letter.
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					

Each comment should be numbered to correspond with number in To column.  
 A line should be drawn across sheet under each comment.  
 Officer Designations should be used in To column.  
 Each officer should initial (check mark insufficient) before further action desired or action taken should be indicated in Comments column.  
 Completed sheet should always be returned to Registry.  
 This sheet should be kept as a separate sheet.

SECRET



**SECRET****OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

9 June 1945

TO: The Director, OSS

FROM: Operations Officer, ESO

SUBJECT: Letter of Termination for Mr. Philip Baldwin

1. Mr. Baldwin, who is a radio engineer by profession, was in charge of communications for the Westfield Mission in Stockholm for a year and a half where he performed an outstanding job. When he was requested by you to undertake this mission, he accepted it, as he was anxious to contribute directly to the war effort, although he had refused several other better paying opportunities in his line of work. His responsibilities in the field were great, and under his leadership the communications between the Norwegian and Danish resistance and Headquarters in both Stockholm and London increased over 500 %.

2. His mission having been successfully completed, Mr. Baldwin is resigning from OSS to go back to CBS. It is respectfully requested that you sign the attached letter to him.

*Harrison T. Barrow*  
 HARRISON T. BARROW  
 Captain, Ord.  
 Operations Officer, ESO

Encl: (1)

*termination letter sent - filed termination*  
*165*

222  
 JUN 11 4 25 PM '45  
 DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

**SECRET**

FORM 1 (Revised)

**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE 8 JUNE 1945

FROM USTRAVIC, LONDON

TO

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

DEFERRED

IN 15407

**DISTRIBUTION**

(FOR ACTION)

(FOR INFORMATION)

DIRECTOR

MAGRUDER, NAVAL COMMAND, F. SEC.

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-57863-2

**RECEIVED IN CODE OR CIPHER****SECRET  
SECRET**

#32937. CHESTON AND MORGAN FROM ARMOUR. INFORMATION: MORGAN, PARIS.  
RE YOUR #26984 (OUT 13625).  
*with 14 d*

WOULD APPRECIATE YOUR CONCURRING AS WE INSTITUTED REQUEST  
FROM HERE.

TOR: 0900 8 JUNE 1945

**SECRET****FILE COPY**

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

## OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

OFFICIAL DISPATCH

DATE

7 JUNE 45

REC'D

1830 7 JUNE 45

TO

SEE BELOW

FROM

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES

DISTRIBUTION

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

BOOK 1253705  
2 STATIONS

(CONFIRMATION TO ORIGINATOR)

DIRECTOR

(FOR INFORMATION)

MACRODIA, NAVAL COMAID,  
FIELD SECTION

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-47543-1

TRANSMITTED IN CODE OR CIPHER

SECRET

#26684. TO USTRAVIC, LONDON. (OUT: 13625)

#17184. TO PARIS, FRANCE. (OUT: 13626)

SECRET

MORGAN AND CHESTON TO FORGAN. INFORMATION: ARMOUR.

HAVE BEEN ASKED BY BUPERS TO CONCUR IN COMNAVED'S  
RECOMMENDATION FOR THE RELEASE OF LT. BASTEDO TO INACTIVE DUTY  
STATUS. IF YOU DESIRE THAT WE CONCUR IN THIS RECOMMENDATION,  
KINDLY ADVISE US PROMPTLY, SINCE WE HAVE NOT BEEN INFORMED AS TO  
YOUR WISHES IN THIS MATTER.

SECRET

1601 2013 7 JULY 45

CSC HSM

FILE COPY

INITIALS OF "RELEASING" OFFICER

IT IS FORBIDDEN TO COPY OR REPRODUCE THIS CABLE  
WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION FROM THE SECRETARIAT

*Base, Lt. Col. C. A. Bane*  
**SECRET**

22 April 1946

**MEMORANDUM TO:** Lieutenant (jg) Charles A. Bane  
**SUBJECT:** : CSS Orders

1. You are hereby authorized and directed to proceed to the destination indicated in your official travel orders, where you will report to the Strategic Services Officer concerned, for duty with the Chief of Mission. You will thereafter act under his orders and direction.

2. Authority is hereby granted to carry such secret and confidential documents as may be necessary to the proper performance of your mission. These documents may be shown to those persons to whom you have been authorized to show them, but must remain in your possession at all times until they are delivered to their addressees, if any.

Charles S. Cheston  
 Acting Assistant Director

**SECRET**



**SECRET**

1012  
James, E.  
4 January 1945

OSS Medical Board  
Executive Office  
Eric W. Barnes

The Acting Director has instructed me to inform you that he has approved your memorandum of 1 January 1945 addressed to him on the above subject, a copy of which is returned herewith together with your file on this matter.

CC: Special Funds

E. J. Putzell Jr.  
Lt. (j.g.), USNR  
Asst. Executive Officer

**SECRET**

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

**SECRET***Office Memorandum* • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Acting Director

FROM : Medical Board

SUBJECT: Eric W. Barnes

DATE: 1 Jan. 1945

1. The OSS Medical Board, in accordance with the provisions of GO-51, issued 3 June 1944, submits the following recommendation for your approval.

2. According to information contained in (i) a memorandum from Mr. Charles E. Ford, approved by Mr. John E. O'Gara, Acting Chief, SI Branch, to the Chairman, Medical Board, dated 11 October 1944, concerning the above subject, and (ii) a memorandum from Mr. B. H. Hall, approved by Mr. O'Gara as Acting Chief, SI Branch, to the Chairman, Medical Board, dated 9 October 1944, entitled "Eric W. Barnes, Disability Incurred in Line of Duty," Mr. Barnes contracted pneumonia as a result of exposure during SI operations while stationed at Algiers. After a short period in an Army hospital in Algiers, Mr. Barnes was released with instructions to rest for three weeks at an Army convalescent center. A grave crisis arose in the mission he commanded, and since he was the only man able to handle the situation, it became necessary for him to return to his post of duty. Upon his return to duty, he was stricken with pleurisy, but because of the critical condition of the mission, he did not leave his post for further hospitalization. Instead, he moved a bed into his office and maintained touch with the operation. He managed to see the mission through the critical period and to a highly successful completion before complications, combined with the pleurisy, made it necessary that he be ordered back to the United States.

3. It was the recommendation of SI Branch, approved by Mr. O'Gara as Acting Chief, that Mr. Barnes should be reimbursed for his medical expenses in the amount of his claim (\$492.00) and that an additional sum of \$500 should be paid to him for other substantial expenses incurred by him, such as special services, messages, dietary arrangements, further physiotherapy, etc. It was also the recommendation that reimbursement for his medical expenses be paid by Special Funds for security reasons. It should be noted that Mr. Barnes was provided with medical care by the Army while abroad, and that the expenses for which he has submitted the claim were incurred by him after his return to this country.

**SECRET**

**SECRET**

4. It is the recommendation of the Board that Mr. Eric W. Barnes should be paid from Special Funds the sum of \$492.00 upon his execution of (i) a certificate that the medical expenses involved were incurred by him in connection with the illness in question, and that (ii) a release of any and all claims arising out of the illness. The Board further recommends that the payment of an additional \$500. to Mr. Barnes recommended by the SI Branch, should not be made. The representatives from SI Branch in attendance at the meeting of the Board have concurred in this recommendation.

*Sylvester C. Missal*  
 Sylvester C. Missal  
 Colonel, AUS  
 Chairman, OSS Medical Board

Members of the Board (all of whom concur in the above recommendation)

Col. Sylvester C. Missal, Chairman, representative  
 of Medical Services Office  
 Lt. Col. John W. Williams, representative of Special  
 Funds Branch  
 Mr. A. van Beuren, representative of Security Office  
 Mr. John E. O'Gara, representative of SI Branch  
 Mr. A. William Asmuth, Jr., Secretary, representative  
 of Office of General Counsel

Also in attendance:

Mr. B. H. Hall, SI Branch  
 Mr. Charles Ford, SI Branch

APPROVED:

*C. Edward Buxton*  
 C. Edward Buxton

**SECRET**

**CONFIDENTIAL**

**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**  
**WASHINGTON, D. C.**  
**SECRETARIAT**

16 10/12  
 1944 OCT 14 AM 11 40

13 October 1944

OSS

MEMORANDUM

TO: Lt. J. W. Auchincloss  
 FROM: William L. Langer

With regard to the requested reassignment of Lt. James A. Barnes to R&A work, cable was sent about ten days ago to Colonel Glavin. Colonel Glavin's reply was that Lt. Barnes cannot possibly be relieved at this time, a statement also ~~is~~ corroborated by a letter received by the R&A Branch from Lt. Frederick Burkhardt. It appears from it is that Barnes is serving as reports officer and is working sixteen hours a day. There is no obvious replacement for him, and it seems to me inadvisable to attempt to move him for the time being. I take it you will want to notify Colonel Morgan to this effect.


*William L. Langer*  
 William L. Langer  
 Chief, Research and  
 Analysis Branch *P.S.*

*file***CONFIDENTIAL**



To: Lt. Col. Loering

The General would like  
you to prepare a cable to be  
along the lines of the attached  
memorandum.

  
J. P. MacGuray

Director's Office

(3308)

Barnes Joseph S. 2.1  
X F. 93 I  
X OWI

(B)  
**OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES**  
**WASHINGTON, D. C.**

7 March 1944

MEMORANDUM

**TO:** General Donovan  
**FROM:** William A. Kimbel  
**SUBJECT:** Joseph Barnes

I note from the cables that some consideration is being given to the possibility of Joseph Barnes, formerly of OWI, joining OSI. For such consideration as you may think it warrants, at the State Department there has been some concern because of Barnes' previous activities, particularly in alleged Communist areas. OWI relations with State were adversely affected by Barnes being on their staff. I understand that when he recently accompanied Wickle to Russia he encountered considerable reluctance on the part of the Department to issue a passport. He may again face this reluctance if it should be our intention to send him overseas for OS.

  
WILLIAM A. KIMBEL

*Tanner, Joseph F. 832*

OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES  
630 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

*File*

19 February, 1944.

MEMORANDUM

TO: Brigadier General William J. Donovan  
FROM: John C. Hughes

I received a call from Joe Barnes this afternoon and he is coming in to see me some time Tuesday. As far as I know, he has made no plans for any active work since his resignation from OWI, and from what he told me on the telephone I think he intends to be here in New York for the next month, at least.

Would you be interested in talking to Barnes on one of your forthcoming trips to New York? If so, I would be glad to mention this to him; otherwise, I will say nothing about it.

As far as I know, the purpose of his call on Tuesday is purely personal, since he and I saw each other from time to time when he was acting head of the New York Branch of the OWI. Should, however, ~~you be~~ <sup>you be</sup> interested in knowing what plans, if any, he has made for the future I am sure I can find this out.

*J. C. Hughes*